for use in accordance with the invention is 4-hydroxybenzophenone.

In the text below, the covalently bonded photoinitiator side groups and end groups of the Norrish II type are referred to for the sake of brevity as "photoinitiator groups II".

In accordance with the invention, polymers (A)

10 containing both at least one structural unit I and/or

II and at least one photoinitiator group II are

particularly advantageous and are therefore used with

very particular preference.

- 15 Particularly suitable polymers (A) include polyacrylates, polyurethanes, polyethers, and polyepoxides.
  They may be used individually or as a mixture. In
  accordance with the invention, the polyacrylates, the
  polyurethanes, and the polyepoxides are of advantage
  20 and are therefore used with preference. Of these, the
  polyacrylates are especially advantageous and are
  therefore used with particular preference in accordance
  with the invention.
- The term "polyurethanes" in this context embraces not only substances whose main chains are linked by way of urethane bonds but also substances having ester or

ether chain links, i.e., the compounds known as polyester urethanes and polyether urethanes.

The polyurethanes (A) for use in accordance with the invention may be obtained in a conventional manner from polyfunctional isocyanates and compounds which contain isocyanate-reactive groups, and also from

- compounds containing at least one structural unit I and/or V,
  - compounds containing at least one structural unit II and/or VI and/or
- compounds containing at least one structural unit

  I and/or V and at least one structural unit II

  and/or VI, these compounds each containing at

  least one isocyanate-reactive group,

and/or from

20

compounds containing at least one photoinitiator group and at least one isocyanate-reactive group.

The structural unit I or V, respectively, may in this

25 case be introduced through the use of, for example,
dihydrodicyclopentadienol or its maleic monoesters and
fumaric monoesters. The structural unit II or VI,

respectively, may be introduced accordingly through the use of oligomeric dihydrodicylopentadienol or its maleic and fumaric monoesters. The photoinitiator group II may be introduced, for example, through the use of 4-hydroxybenzophenone and/or benzophenonetetracarboxylic acid compounds. Where compounds are used which are reactive polyfunctionally with isocyanate, polymers or oligomers are formed.

The polyepoxides (A) for use in accordance with the invention are obtained in conventional manner from epoxy resins which are known per se and are available commercially, for example of the bisphenol A epoxy resin type, by reaction with

15

- compounds containing at least one structural unit
   I and/or V,
- compounds containing at least one structural unit
   II and/or VI
- 20 and/or
  - compounds containing at least one structural unit I and/or V and at least one structural unit II and/or VI, these compounds each containing at least one epoxide-reactive group,

25

and/or from